US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT



#### **ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS**

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September 11, 2009 Project No. 09-4157

Mr. Dennis Miller Lockheed Martin 2890 Woodbridge Ave #209 Edison, NJ 08837

# TRANSMITTAL ASSESSMENT OF DAM SAFETY OF COAL COMBUSTION SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS FIELD ASSESSMENT CHECKLISTS FOR SITES 24 (MITCHELL) AND 30 (BRUCE MANSFIELD)

Dear Mr. Miller:

Transmitted herewith are copies of the Field Assessment Checklists for the inspections of the management units located at Sites 24 and 30.

If you have any questions or require any additional information, please contact me at (412) 856-9700, ext. 1008, or john.osterle@rizzoassoc.com.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul C. Rizzo Associates, Inc.

John P. Osterle, P.E.

Vice President

Dam & Water Resource Projects

JPO/KRC/lck/kef

cc: Stephen Hoffman – USEPA



Site Name: Bruce Mansfield Power Station 09-01-2009 Date:

Unit Name: South Low Dissolved Solids (LDS) Pond Operator's Name: First Energy

Unit I.D.: NA Hazard Potential Classification: High Significant Low □

Inspector's Name: John Osterle / Kevin Cass

Check the appropriate box below. Provide comments when appropriate. If not applicable or not available, record "N/A". Any unusual conditions or construction practices that should be noted in the comments section. For large diked embankments, separate checklists may be used for different embankment areas. If separate forms are used, identify approximate area that the form applies to in comments.

	Yes	No		Yes	No
1. Frequency of Company's Dam Inspections?	Qua	rterly	18. Sloughing or bulging on slopes?		X
2. Pool elevation (operator records)?	76	0 ft	19. Major erosion or slope deterioration?		Х
3. Decant inlet elevation (operator records)?	١	IA	20. Decant Pipes:		
4. Open channel spillway elevation (operator records)?	759	.5± ft	Is water entering inlet, but not exiting outlet?		NA
5. Lowest dam crest elevation (operator records)?	76	2 ft	Is water exiting outlet, but not entering inlet?		NA
If instrumentation is present, are readings recorded (operator records)?		NA	Is water exiting outlet flowing clear?		NA
7. Is the embankment currently under construction?		Х	21. Seepage (specify location, if seepage carries fines, and approximate seepage rate below):		
8. Foundation preparation (remove vegetation, stumps, topsoil in area where embankment fill will be placed)?	Х		From underdrain?		Х
Trees growing on embankment? (If so, indicate largest diameter below)		Х	At isolated points on embankment slopes?		Х
10. Cracks or scarps on crest?		Х	At natural hillside in the embankment area?		Х
11. Is there significant settlement along the crest?		Х	Over widespread areas?		Х
12. Are decant trashracks clear and in place?	Х		From downstream foundation area?		Х
13. Depressions or sinkholes in tailings surface or whirlpool in the pool area?		Х	"Boils" beneath stream or ponded water?		Х
14. Clogged spillways, groin or diversion ditches?		Х	Around the outside of the decant pipe?		NA
15. Are spillway or ditch linings deteriorated?		Х	22. Surface movements in valley bottom or on hillside?		Х
16. Are outlets of decant or underdrains blocked?		Х	23. Water against downstream toe?		Х
17. Cracks or scarps on slopes?		Х	24. Were Photos taken during the dam inspection?	Х	

Major adverse changes in these items could cause instability and should be reported for further evaluation. Adverse conditions noted in these items should normally be described (extent, location, volume, etc.) in the space below and on the back of this sheet.

#### Inspection Issue # Comments

- #1. Quarterly inspection is performed by GAI Consultants, Inc. Fourth quarter inspection includes summary for entire year. PADEP performs an inspection every 2 years.
- #2. Daily water level readings are recorded by operations department for LDS ponds only.
- #3. The decant pipe and intake structure has been deactivated (18" dia. vitrified clay pipe).
- #4. Spillway consists of a weir which flows between the North LDS Pond and the South LDS Pond. One pond is always drained so that it can store discharge from the other pond. Water is discharged from the pond via pumping
- #6. No instrumentation.
- #8. According to First Energy, the foundations were excavated to rock. Ponds were constructed prior to the operation of the plant. Therefore, there was no fly ash available during construction.
- #10 & #17. Minor cracks were observed in the top asphalt layer. These cracks do not extend into the bottom asphalt layer or the embankment.

## **U. S. Environmental Protection Agency**

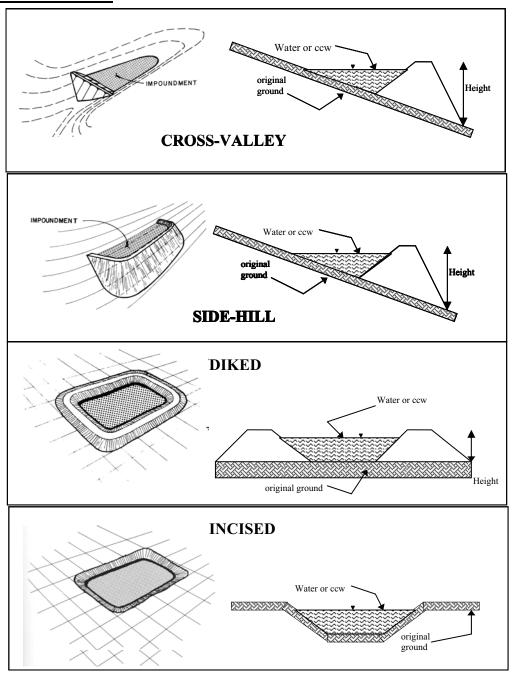


# Coal Combustion Waste (CCW) Impoundment Inspection

Impoundment N	PDES Permit # NA	INSPECTOR John Osterle / Kevin Cass		
Date 09-01-2009	)			
Impoundment	Name South Low Dissolved	Solids (LDS) Pond		
_	Company First Energy	(223): 3.10		
EPA Region				
State Agency (	(Field Office) Addresss	Pennsylvania De	partment of Environme	ental Protection
State Agency	(1 icia Office) Madresss		enue, Harrisburg, PA 1	
Name of Impo	oundment			
(Report each i	mpoundment on a separ	rate form under	r the same Impou	ndment NPDES
Permit numbe		ate form under	i the same impou	indifficit NI DES
remin numbe	51)			
New	_ Updatex			
	_ Opuate			
			Yes	No
Is impoundme	nt currently under const	ruction?	1 05	X
_	w currently being pumper		<del></del>	
the impoundm		od into		Χ
ine impoundin	CIII.			
IMPOUNDM	ENT FUNCTION: Prin	marv: Ash Storage.	Secondary: Sediment	ation. Tertiary: Waste
	ENT FUNCTION.			
Nearest Down	stream Town : Name	Midland, PA		
	the impoundment about		 m	<del></del>
Impoundment				
-	Longitude 40	Degrees 38	Minutes 9.73	Seconds
Location.			Minutes 45.24	
	State PA			Seconds
	State 17	County <u>Board</u>		
Does a state as	gency regulate this impo	undment? VI	ES X NO	
Does a state ag	gency regulate this impe	diament: 11	25 NO	
If So Which S	tate Agency? Pennsylvania	Department of Env	vironmental Protection	Bureau of
II SU WIIICII S				
	vvaterways E	ngineering, Division	n or Dam Safety.	

<u>HAZARD POTENTIAL</u> (In the event the impoundment should fail, the following would occur):
LESS THAN LOW HAZARD POTENTIAL: Failure or misoperation of the dam results in no probable loss of human life or economic or environmental losses.
LOW HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the low hazard potential classification are those where failure or misoperation results in no probable loss of human life and low economic and/or environmental losses. Losses are principally limited to the owner's property.
X SIGNIFICANT HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the significant hazard potential classification are those dams where failure or misoperation results in no probable loss of human life but can cause economic loss, environmental damage, disruption of lifeline facilities, or can impact other concerns. Significant hazard potential classification dams are often located in predominantly rural or agricultural areas but could be located in areas with population and significant infrastructure.
HIGH HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the high hazard potential classification are those where failure or misoperation will probably cause loss of human life.
DESCRIBE REASONING FOR HAZARD RATING CHOSEN:
Refer to State classification of C-2, High hazard Structure per PA-DEP letter (August 18, 1994) and 25PaCode105.91 Classification of Dams and Reservoirs. State's classification is equivalent to the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Significant Hazard rating.

### **CONFIGURATION:**



Cross-Valley

X Side-Hill

Diked

\_\_\_\_\_ Incised (form completion optional)

Combination Incised/Diked

Embankment Height 17 feet
Pool Area 3.1 acres
Current Freeboard 2 feet

Current Freeboard 2 feet

Soil with asphalt on crest

feet Embankment Material and downstream slope acres Liner Asphlat

Liner Permeability 10^-7 cm/s (estimated)

# **TYPE OF OUTLET** (Mark all that apply)

X Open Channel Spillway	TRAPEZOIDAL	TRIANGULAR
Trapezoidal	Top Width	Top Width
Triangular		<b>—</b>
X Rectangular	Depth	Depth
Irregular	Bottom Width	
2.5 ft depth	PEGE MOVE AP	TRANSPORT OF
5 ft bottom (or average) width	RECTANGULAR	IRREGULAR  Average Width
5 ft top width	↑ Depth	Avg
	Width	Depth
Outlet		
inside diameter		
Material		Inside Diameter
corrugated metal		
welded steel		
concrete		
plastic (hdpe, pvc, etc.)		
other (specify)	<del></del>	
Is water flowing through the outle	t? YES 1	NO
No Outlet		
Other Type of Outlet (spe	cify)	
The Impoundment was Designed I	Ry Commonwealth Associa	tes. Jackson. Michigan

Has there ever been a failure at this site? YES	NO	X
If So When?		
If So Please Describe :		

Has there ever been significant seepages at this site? YES	NOx
If So When?	
IF So Please Describe:	

t this site?	t seepages or breaches YES	NO _	X
f so, which method (e.g., piezometers,	gw pumping,)?		
f so Please Describe :			

# $\frac{BRUCE\ MANSFIELD\ POWER\ STATION-SHIPPINGPORT,\ PA}{SOUTH\ LOW\ DISSOLVED\ SOLIDS\ POND}$

Concerning the embankment foundation, was the embankment construction built over wet ash, slag, or other unsuitable materials? If there is no information just note that.
No.
Did the dam assessor meet with, or have documentation from, the design Engineer-of-Record concerning the foundation preparation?
No.
From the site visit or from photographic documentation, was there evidence of prior releases, failures, or patchwork on the dikes?
No.



Site Name: Bruce Mansfield Power Station Date: 09-01-2009

Unit Name: West High Dissolved Solids (HDS) Pond Operator's Name: First Energy

Unit I.D.: NA Hazard Potential Classification: High□Significant⊠Low□

Inspector's Name: John Osterle / Kevin Cass

Check the appropriate box below. Provide comments when appropriate. If not applicable or not available, record "N/A". Any unusual conditions or construction practices that should be noted in the comments section. For large diked embankments, separate checklists may be used for different embankment areas. If separate forms are used, identify approximate area that the form applies to in comments.

	Yes	No		Yes	No
1. Frequency of Company's Dam Inspections?	Qua	rterly	18. Sloughing or bulging on slopes?		X
2. Pool elevation (operator records)?	783	3± ft	19. Major erosion or slope deterioration?		Х
3. Decant inlet elevation (operator records)?	N	IA	20. Decant Pipes:		
4. Open channel spillway elevation (operator records)?	N	IA	Is water entering inlet, but not exiting outlet?		NA
5. Lowest dam crest elevation (operator records)?	78	7 ft	Is water exiting outlet, but not entering inlet?		NA
If instrumentation is present, are readings recorded (operator records)?		NA	Is water exiting outlet flowing clear?		NA
7. Is the embankment currently under construction?		Х	21. Seepage (specify location, if seepage carries fines, and approximate seepage rate below):		
8. Foundation preparation (remove vegetation, stumps, topsoil in area where embankment fill will be placed)?	Х		From underdrain?		Х
Trees growing on embankment? (If so, indicate largest diameter below)		Х	At isolated points on embankment slopes?		Х
10. Cracks or scarps on crest?		Х	At natural hillside in the embankment area?		Х
11. Is there significant settlement along the crest?		Х	Over widespread areas?		Х
12. Are decant trashracks clear and in place?	Х		From downstream foundation area?		Х
13. Depressions or sinkholes in tailings surface or whirlpool in the pool area?		Х	"Boils" beneath stream or ponded water?		Х
14. Clogged spillways, groin or diversion ditches?		Х	Around the outside of the decant pipe?		NA
15. Are spillway or ditch linings deteriorated?		Х	22. Surface movements in valley bottom or on hillside?		Х
16. Are outlets of decant or underdrains blocked?		Х	23. Water against downstream toe?		Х
17. Cracks or scarps on slopes?		Х	24. Were Photos taken during the dam inspection?	Х	

Major adverse changes in these items could cause instability and should be reported for further evaluation. Adverse conditions noted in these items should normally be described (extent, location, volume, etc.) in the space below and on the back of this sheet.

#### Inspection Issue # Comments

- #1. Quarterly inspection is performed by GAI Consultants, Inc. Fourth quarter inspection includes summary for entire year. PADEP performs an inspection every 2 years.
- #2. Daily water level are not recorded for the HDS pond. Only the LDS ponds.
- #3. The decant pipe and intake structure has been deactivated (18" dia. vitrified clay pipe).
- #4. Spillway consists of a weir which flows between the North LDS Pond and the South LDS Pond. One pond is always drained so that it can store discharge from the other pond. Water is discharged from the pond via pumping.
- #6. No instrumentation.
- #8. According to First Energy, the foundations were excavated to rock. Ponds were constructed prior to the operation of the plant. Therefore, there was no fly ash available during construction.
- #10 & #17. Minor cracks were observed in the top asphalt layer. These cracks do not extend into the bottom asphalt layer or the embankment.

# **U. S. Environmental Protection Agency**

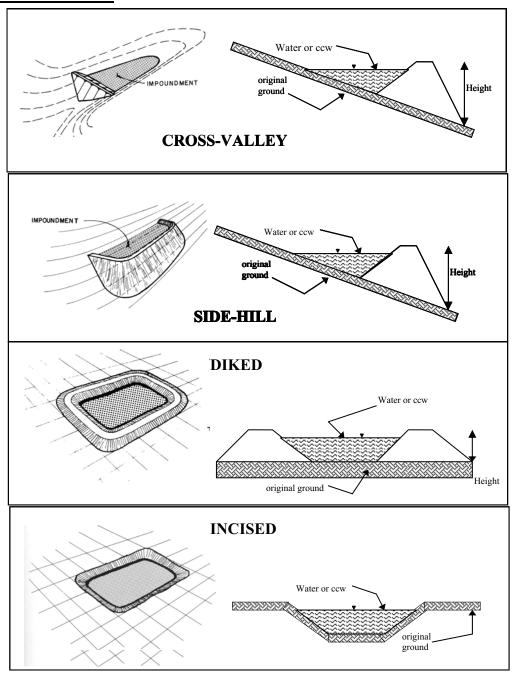


# Coal Combustion Waste (CCW) Impoundment Inspection

Impoundment NPDES Permit # NA			INSPECTOR John Osterle / Kevin Cass				
Date <u>09-01-2009</u>			<del></del>				
Impoundment N	ame West High Diss	solved So	lids (HDS) Pond				
Impoundment Co							
EPA Region III	- F · J						
State Agency (Fi	ield Office) Addı	resss F	Pennsylvania Dep	partment of Envir	onment	al Protec	tion
8- 7			909 Elmerton Ave				
Name of Impour	ndment	_					
(Report each imp		senarat	e form under	the same Im	npoun	dment	NPDES
Permit number)		- F			-F		
,							
New U	Update X						
				Yes	•	No	
Is impoundment	currently under	constru	iction?			X	
Is water or ccw of	currently being p	umped	into				
the impoundmen	t?					X	* Slurry is trucked in and
							dumped into HDS pond.
IMPOUNDME	NT FUNCTION	Prima	ry: Ash Storage,	Secondary: Sed	imentati	on	
<b></b>							
Nearest Downstr							<del></del>
Distance from th	e impoundment	about 2	miles downstrean	n 	-		
Impoundment	T 1 1 10	_	00	3.51	. = 4	~	
Location:	Longitude 40						
	Latitude 80		egrees 24	Minutes _4	0.62	_ Secor	ıds
	State PA	C	ounty Beaver				
Does a state ager	ncy regulate this	impou	ndment? YE	S X N	O		
		-					
If So Which Stat					ection, B	Bureau of	
	Waterw	vays Eng	ineering, Division	of Dam Safety			

<u>HAZARD POTENTIAL</u> (In the event the impoundment should fail, the following would occur):
LESS THAN LOW HAZARD POTENTIAL: Failure or misoperation of the dam results in no probable loss of human life or economic or environmental losses.
LOW HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the low hazard potential classification are those where failure or misoperation results in no probable loss of human life and low economic and/or environmental losses. Losses are principally limited to the owner's property.
X SIGNIFICANT HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the significant hazard potential classification are those dams where failure or misoperation results in no probable loss of human life but can cause economic loss, environmental damage, disruption of lifeline facilities, or can impact other concerns. Significant hazard potential classification dams are often located in predominantly rural or agricultural areas but could be located in areas with population and significant infrastructure.
HIGH HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the high hazard potential classification are those where failure or misoperation will probably cause loss of human life.
DESCRIBE REASONING FOR HAZARD RATING CHOSEN:
Refer to State classification of C-2, High hazard Structure per PA-DEP letter (August 18, 1994) and 25PaCode105.91 Classification of Dams and Reservoirs. State's classification is equivalent to the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Significant Hazard rating.

### **CONFIGURATION:**



Cross-Valley

X Side-Hill \*The South end of the impoundment is a concrete wall.

Diked

Incised (form completion optional)

Combination Incised/Diked

Embankment Height 27 (max) feet Embankment Material and downstream slope

Pool Area 2.9 acres Liner Asphlat

Current Freeboard 4± feet Liner Permeability 10^-7 cm/s (estimated)

# **TYPE OF OUTLET** (Mark all that apply)

<b>Open Channel Spillway</b>	TRAPEZOIDAL	TRIANGULAR
Trapezoidal	Top Width	Top Width
Triangular		
Rectangular	Depth	Depth
Irregular	Bottom Width	
depth bottom (or average) width top width	RECTANGULAR  Depth  Width	Average Width  Avg Depth
Outlet		
inside diameter		
Material		Inside Diameter
corrugated metal		
welded steel		
concrete		
plastic (hdpe, pvc, etc.) other (specify)		•
Is water flowing through the outle	t? YESNO	)
× No Outlet		
Other Type of Outlet (spe	cify)	
The Impoundment was Designed l	By Commonwealth Associates	, Jackson, Michigan

Has there ever been a failure at this site? YES	NO	X
If So When?		
If So Please Describe :		

Has there ever been significant seepages at this site? YES	NOx
If So When?	
IF So Please Describe:	

t this site?	t seepages or breaches YES	NO _	X
f so, which method (e.g., piezometers,	gw pumping,)?		
f so Please Describe :			

# BRUCE MANSFIELD POWER STATION – SHIPPINGPORT, PA WEST HIGH DISSOLVED SOLIDS POND

Concerning the embankment foundation, was the embankment construction built over wet ash, slag, or other unsuitable materials? If there is no information just note that.
No.
Did the dam assessor meet with, or have documentation from, the design Engineer-of-Record concerning the foundation preparation?  No.
110.
From the site visit or from photographic documentation, was there evidence of prior releases, failures, or patchwork on the dikes?
No.



Site Name: Bruce Mansfield Power Station 09-01-2009 Date:

Unit Name: North Low Dissolved Solids (LDS) Pond Operator's Name: First Energy

Unit I.D.: NA Hazard Potential Classification: High Significant Low □

Inspector's Name: John Osterle / Kevin Cass

Check the appropriate box below. Provide comments when appropriate. If not applicable or not available, record "N/A". Any unusual conditions or construction practices that should be noted in the comments section. For large diked embankments, separate checklists may be used for different embankment areas. If separate forms are used, identify approximate area that the form applies to in comments.

	Yes	No		Yes	No
1. Frequency of Company's Dam Inspections?	Qua	rterly	18. Sloughing or bulging on slopes?		X
2. Pool elevation (operator records)?	74	6 ft	19. Major erosion or slope deterioration?		Х
3. Decant inlet elevation (operator records)?	N	IA	20. Decant Pipes:		
4. Open channel spillway elevation (operator records)?	759	.5± ft	Is water entering inlet, but not exiting outlet?		NA
5. Lowest dam crest elevation (operator records)?	76	2 ft	Is water exiting outlet, but not entering inlet?		NA
If instrumentation is present, are readings recorded (operator records)?		NA	Is water exiting outlet flowing clear?		NA
7. Is the embankment currently under construction?		Х	21. Seepage (specify location, if seepage carries fines, and approximate seepage rate below):		
8. Foundation preparation (remove vegetation, stumps, topsoil in area where embankment fill will be placed)?	Х		From underdrain?		Х
Trees growing on embankment? (If so, indicate largest diameter below)		Х	At isolated points on embankment slopes?		Х
10. Cracks or scarps on crest?		Х	At natural hillside in the embankment area?		Х
11. Is there significant settlement along the crest?		Х	Over widespread areas?		Х
12. Are decant trashracks clear and in place?	Х		From downstream foundation area?		Х
13. Depressions or sinkholes in tailings surface or whirlpool in the pool area?		Х	"Boils" beneath stream or ponded water?		Х
14. Clogged spillways, groin or diversion ditches?		Х	Around the outside of the decant pipe?		NA
15. Are spillway or ditch linings deteriorated?		Х	22. Surface movements in valley bottom or on hillside?		Х
16. Are outlets of decant or underdrains blocked?		Х	23. Water against downstream toe?		Х
17. Cracks or scarps on slopes?		Х	24. Were Photos taken during the dam inspection?	Х	

Major adverse changes in these items could cause instability and should be reported for further evaluation. Adverse conditions noted in these items should normally be described (extent, location, volume, etc.) in the space below and on the back of this sheet.

#### Inspection Issue # Comments

- #1. Quarterly inspection is performed by GAI Consultants, Inc. Fourth quarter inspection includes summary for entire year. PADEP performs an inspection every 2 years.
- #2. Daily water level readings are recorded by operations department for LDS ponds only. Pond was drained at time of inspection, with 1 to 7 feet of slurry.
- #3. The decant pipe and intake structure has been deactivated (18" dia. vitrified clay pipe).
- #4. Spillway consists of a weir which flows between the North LDS Pond and the South LDS Pond. One pond is always drained so that it can store discharge from the other pond. Water is discharged from the pond via pumping
- #6. No instrumentation.
- #8. According to First Energy, the foundations were excavated to rock. Ponds were constructed prior to the operation of the plant. Therefore, there was no fly ash available during construction.
- #10 & #17. Minor cracks were observed in the top asphalt layer. These cracks do not extend into the bottom asphalt layer or the embankment.

### **U. S. Environmental Protection Agency**

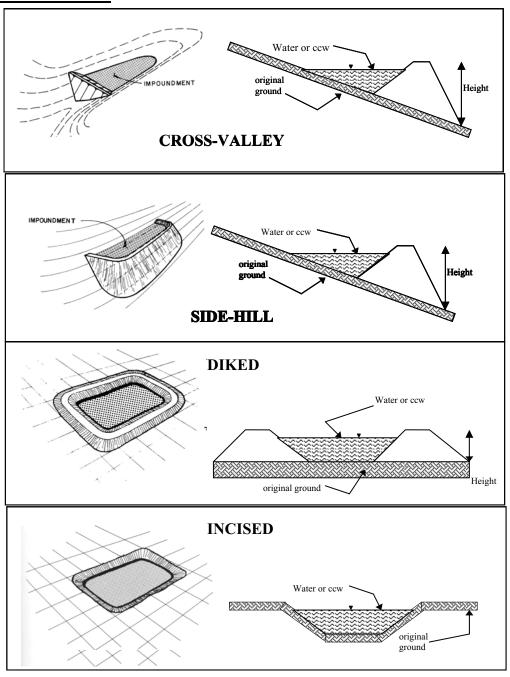


# Coal Combustion Waste (CCW) Impoundment Inspection

Impoundment N	PDES Permit # NA		INSPECTOR Jo	hn Osterle / Kevin Cass
Date <u>09-01-2009</u>	)			
Impoundment	Name North Low Dissolved	Solids (LDS) Pond		
-	Company First Energy			
EPA Region	· · ———			
•	(Field Office) Addresss	Pennsylvania De	partment of Environme	ental Protection
	(		enue, Harrisburg, PA 1	
Name of Impo	oundment			
	mpoundment on a separ	rate form under	the same Impou	ndment NPDES
Permit numbe			1	
	,			
New	_ UpdateX			
			Yes	No
-	ent currently under cons			X
	w currently being pump	ed into		
the impoundm	ent?		X	
		man u Aah Staraga	Casandanu Cadimant	ation Tartian " Masta
IMPOUNDM	ENT FUNCTION: Pri	mary: Asn Storage,	Secondary: Sediment	alion, remary: waste
Nearest Down	stream Town: Name	Midland. PA		
	the impoundment about		 n	
Impoundment			<del></del>	
Location:	Longitude 40	Degrees 38	Minutes 11.16	Seconds
Location.	Latitude 80	Degrees <sup>24</sup>	$\frac{\text{Minutes}}{\text{Minutes}} \frac{1}{47.92}$	
		. 2		
Does a state as	gency regulate this imp	oundment? YE	es × No	
	<i>J</i> - <i>J</i> - <i>G</i>			
If So Which S	tate Agency? Pennsylvania	a Department of Env	vironmental Protection,	, Bureau of
		Engineering, Divisior		

<u>HAZARD POTENTIAL</u> (In the event the impoundment should fail, the following would occur):
LESS THAN LOW HAZARD POTENTIAL: Failure or misoperation of the dam results in no probable loss of human life or economic or environmental losses.
LOW HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the low hazard potential classification are those where failure or misoperation results in no probable loss of human life and low economic and/or environmental losses. Losses are principally limited to the owner's property.
X SIGNIFICANT HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the significant hazard potential classification are those dams where failure or misoperation results in no probable loss of human life but can cause economic loss, environmental damage, disruption of lifeline facilities, or can impact other concerns. Significant hazard potential classification dams are often located in predominantly rural or agricultural areas but could be located in areas with population and significant infrastructure.
HIGH HAZARD POTENTIAL: Dams assigned the high hazard potential classification are those where failure or misoperation will probably cause loss of human life.
DESCRIBE REASONING FOR HAZARD RATING CHOSEN:
Refer to State classification of C-2, High hazard Structure per PA-DEP letter (August 18, 1994) and 25PaCode105.91 Classification of Dams and Reservoirs. State's classification is equivalent to the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Significant Hazard rating.

### **CONFIGURATION:**



Cross-Valley

X Side-Hill

Diked

\_\_\_\_\_ Incised (form completion optional)

Combination Incised/Diked

Embankment Height 32 (max) feet
Pool Area 3.2 acres
Current Freeboard 16 feet

feet Embankment Material and downstream slope acres Liner Asphlat

Liner Permeability 10^-7 cm/s (estimated)

# **TYPE OF OUTLET** (Mark all that apply)

X Open Channel Spillway	TRAPEZOIDAL	TRIANGULAR
Trapezoidal	Top Width	Top Width
Triangular		<b>—</b>
X Rectangular	Depth	Depth
Irregular	Bottom Width	
2.5 ft depth	PEGE MOVE AP	TRANSPORT OF
5 ft bottom (or average) width	RECTANGULAR	IRREGULAR  Average Width
5 ft top width	↑ Depth	Avg
	Width	Depth
Outlet		
inside diameter		
Material		Inside Diameter
corrugated metal		
welded steel		
concrete		
plastic (hdpe, pvc, etc.)		
other (specify)	<del></del>	
Is water flowing through the outle	t? YES 1	NO
No Outlet		
Other Type of Outlet (spe	cify)	
The Impoundment was Designed I	Ry Commonwealth Associa	tes. Jackson. Michigan

Has there ever been a failure at this site? YES	NO	X
If So When?		
If So Please Describe :		

Has there ever been significant seepages at this site? YES	NOx
If So When?	
IF So Please Describe:	

t this site?	t seepages or breaches YES	NO _	X
f so, which method (e.g., piezometers,	gw pumping,)?		
f so Please Describe :			

# BRUCE MANSFIELD POWER STATION – SHIPPINGPORT, PA NORTH LOW DISSOLVED SOLIDS POND

Concerning the embankment foundation, was the embankment construction built over wet ash, slag, or other unsuitable materials? If there is no information just note that.
No.
Did the dam assessor meet with, or have documentation from, the design Engineer-of-Record concerning the foundation preparation?  No.
From the site visit or from photographic documentation, was there evidence of prior releases, failures, or patchwork on the dikes?
No.